b. Steel Framing Members\* — Used to attach furring channels (Item 6la) to the trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced 48 in. OC on

alternating trusses and secured to the bottom chord of the trusses with one 2-1/2 in. coarse drywall screw through the center

channels are overlapped 6 in. and tied together with double strand of No. 18 AWG galvanized steel wire. Additional clips are

6J. Steel Framing Members\* — (Not Shown) — Used to attach resilient channels (Item 6) to trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced 48 in.

OC on adjacent trusses, and secured to trusses with one No. 8 x 2-1/2 in. coarse drywall screw through center grommet hole.

Channels secured to clips with one #10 x 1/2 in. pan-head self-drilling screw. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 6 in. and

board butt joints require additional resilient channels spaced 3 in. from the butt joint on either side. One edge of the extra

6K. Steel Framing Members\* — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6. furring channels and Steel Framing Members as

a. Furring Channels — Hat channels formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, nom. 2-23/32 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, When there is no

insulation installed in the concealed space the resilient channels are spaced 24 in. OC. When insulation (Item 5) is secured to the

resilient channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, or when Item 5C, 5E or 5F is applied to underside of subflooring, the resilient

b. Steel Framing Members\* — Used to attach furring channels (Item a) to trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced 48 in. OC with No. 8 x

a. Furring Channels — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, nominal 2-1/2 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced as indicated in Item 6,

perpendicular to the trusses. Channels secured to Cold Rolled Channels at every intersection with a 3/4 in. TEK screw through each

furring channel leg. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 12 in. and fastened together with two double strand No. 18 SWG galv

steel wire ties, one at each end of overlap, or with two 3/4 in. TEK screws in each leg of the overlap section. Two furring channels

b. Cold Rolled Channels — 1-1/2 in. by 1/2 in., formed from No. 16 ga. galv steel, positioned vertically and parallel to trusses,

lengths of cold rolled channels lapped min. 12 in. and secured along bottom legs with four 3/4 in. TEK screws and wire-tied

and bottom of the blocking at each Steel Framing Member (Item 6Ld) location with 16d nails or minimum 2-1/2 in. screws.

friction-fitted into the channel caddy on the Steel Framing Members (Item 6Ld) and secured with two 3/4 in. TEK screws. Adjoining

c. **Blocking** — Where truss design does not permit direct, full contact of the hanger bracket, a piece of nominal 2 by 4 in. lumber

(blocking), min. 12 in. long to permit full contact of the hanger bracket, to be secured vertically to the side of the trusses at the top

d. Steel Framing Members\* — Spaced 48 in. OC. max along truss, and secured to the truss on alternating trusses with two, #10 x

a. Furring Channels — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, nominal 2-1/2 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced as indicated in Item 6,

the 6 in. overlap. Two furring channels used at end joints of gypsum board (Item 7). Butt joint channels held in place by strong

perpendicular to trusses and friction fit into Steel Framing Members (Item 6Mc). Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 6 in. and

tied together with double strand of No. 18 SWG galv steel wire near each end of overlap or with two TEK screws along each leg of

used at end joints of gypsum board (Item 7), each extending a min of 6 in. beyond both side edges of the board.

2-1/2 in. course drywall screw through the center grommet. Furring channels are friction fitted into clips. Additional clips required

channels are spaced 12 in. OC. Channels secured to trusses as described in Item b. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 6 in. and

underside of the subfloor the resilient channels are spaced 16 in. OC. When insulation, Items 5, 5A or 5B is applied over the

channels will extend to an adjacent truss where it is secured with a clip.

tied together with double strand of No. 18 AWG galv steel wire near each end of overlap.

to hold furring channel that supports the gypsum board butt joints, as described in Item 7.

together with two double strand 18 SWG galv steel wire ties, one at each end of overlap.

**KEENE BUILDING PRODUCTS CO INC** — Type RC+ Assurance Clip

**CLARKDIETRICH BUILDING SYSTEMS** — Type ClarkDietrich Sound Clip

1-1/2 in. screws through mounting holes on the hanger bracket.

6M. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6.

PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C — Type RSIC-SI-CRC EZ Clip

5/19/2022, 8:54 PM11 of 14

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6L. Steel Framing Members\* — (Not Shown

secured together with two #8 15 x 1/2 in. Philips Modified Truss screws spaced 2-1/2 in. from the center of the overlap. Gypsum

required to hold the furring channel that supports one end of the gypsum board butt joints as described in Item 7.

grommet in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. Furring channels are then friction fitted into clips. Ends of

5/19/2022, 8:54 PM12 of 14

5/19/2022, 8:54 PM

back channels placed upside down, on top of, and running perpendicular to primary furring channels, extending 6 in. longer than

length of gypsum side joint. Strong back channels spaced maximum 48 in. OC. Strong back channels secured to every intersection

of primary furring channels with four 7/16 in. pan head screws, two along each of the legs at intersections. Butt joint channels run

b. Blocking — Where truss design does not permit direct, full contact of the hanger bracket, a piece of nominal 2 by 4 in. lumber

c. Steel Framing Members\* — Used to attach furring channels (Item 6La) to trusses. Clips spaced 48 in. OC and secured along

6N. Steel Framing Members\* — (Optional, Not Shown) — Used as an alternate method to attach resilient channels to structural

members. A resilient sound isolation accessory shall be used at each attachment point of the resilient channels and spaced max 24

in. O.C. Channel ends butted and centered under the structural members and attached with one accessory at each end. Additional

accessories used to hold resilient channels that support the gypsum board end joints. The accessory envelops the mounting edge

of the resilient channel. The accessory and resilient channel are fastened to the structural members with the screws supplied with

the accessory and per the accessory manufacturer's installation instructions. Gypsum Board butt joints staggered minimum 24 in.

7. **Gypsum Board\*** — Nom 5/8 in. thick, 48 in. wide gypsum panels. When resilient channels (Item 6) are used, gypsum panels

installed with long dimension perpendicular to resilient channels. Gypsum panels secured with 1 in. long Type S bugle head steel

screws spaced 12 in. OC and located a min of 1/2 in. from side joints and 3 in. from the end joints. When insulation (Items 5 or 5A)

is applied over the resilient channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane screw spacing shall be reduced to 8 in. OC. When insulation

(Item 5C, 5E or 5F) is applied to the underside of the subflooring, screw spacing shall be reduced to 8 in. OC and minimum 1-1/4

in. long Type S screws to install gypsum to the resilient channels (Item 6), and butted end joints shall be staggered min. 2 ft within

the assembly, and occur midway between the continuous furring channels. End joints secured to both resilient channels as shown

perpendicular to furring channels. Panels attached to the furring channels using 1 in. long Type S bugle-head steel screws spaced

8 in. OC along butted end joints and in the field of the panel. Butted end joints shall be staggered min. 2 ft within the assembly,

of furring channel equal to the width of the gypsum panel plus 6 in. on each end. The two support furring channels shall be

spaced approximately 3-1/2 in. OC, and be attached to underside of the truss with one clip at each end of the channel. When

bugle-head screws spaced in the field and 8 in. OC along end joints. Panels fastened to main runners with 1 in. long . Type S

**Sprayed** (Items 5A or 5B) is used, two layers of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board are installed with long dimensions

OC and located a min of 1/2 in. from side joints and 3 in. from the end joints. End joints secured to both resilient channels as

and located a min of 1/2 in. from side joints and 3 in. from the end joints. Outer layer shall be finished as described in Item 8.

bugle-head screws spaced midway between cross tees. Screws along sides and ends of panels spaced 3/8 to 1/2 in. from panel

edge. End joints of panels shall be staggered with spacing between joints on adjacent panels not less than 42 ft OC. When Fiber,

perpendicular to furring channels. Base layer gypsum board secured with 1 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws spaced 12 in.

shown in end joint detail. Outer layer gypsum board secured with 1-5/8 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws spaced 12 in. OC

When both Steel Framing Members (Item 6A) and Fiber, Sprayed (Items 5A or 5B) are used, furring channels spaced 12 in. OC

and two layers of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board are installed with long dimension perpendicular to furring channels.

Base layer secured to furring channels with nom 1 in. long Type S bugle head screws spaced 8 in. OC along butted end joints and

continuous furring channels. Each end of each gypsum board shall be supported by a single length of furring channel equal to the

width of the gypsum board plus 6 in. on each end. The two support furring channels shall be spaced approximately 3-1/2 in. OC,

and be attached to the underside of the truss with one clip at each end of the channel. Outer layer secured to furring channels

using 1-5/8 in. long Type S screws spaced 8 in. OC and 1-1/2 in. from the end joint. Butted end joints to be offset a min. of 8 in.

in the field of the board. Butted end joints shall be staggered min. 2 ft within the assembly, and occur midway between the

Steel Framing Members\* (Item 6B) are used, gypsum panels installed with long dimension perpendicular to cross tees with side

joints centered along main runners and end joints centered along cross tees. Panels fastened to cross tees with 1 in. long. Type S

and occur midway between the continuous furring channels. Each end of each gypsum panel shall be supported by a single length

in end joint detail. When Steel Framing Members (Item 6A) are used, gypsum panels installed with long dimensions

truss webs at each furring channel intersection with min. 3/4 in. long self-drilling #10 x 1-1/2 in. screws through each of the

and bottom of the blocking at each Steel Framing Member (Item 6c) location with 16d nails or minimum 2-1/2 in. screws.

(blocking), min. 12 in. long to permit full contact of the hanger bracket, to be secured vertically to the side of the trusses at the top

perpendicular to strong back channels and shall be minimum 6 in. longer than length of joint, secured to strong back channels

with 7/16 in. pan head screws, two along each of the legs at intersection with strong back channels.

provided hole locations. Furring channels are friction fitted into clips.

PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C — Type RSIC-S1-1 Ultra

OC and Gypsum Board screws spaced 8 in. OC when used.

PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C — Types RC-1 Boost

FOR CONSTRUCTION

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Architect: OpeningDesign 17 S Fairchild | FL 7 Madison, WI 53703

Issued for Permit Permit Revisions

06/10/2022 08/26/2022

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FLOOR - FIRE RATED ASSEMBLY DETAIL - L521 CONT.

MARCO POLO - 101 33RD STREET - CITY OF BRYAN TOWNSITE, BLOCK 96, LOT 3-5 & PT OF 6 & PT OF ALLEY - BRYAN, TX 77803

5/19/2022, 8:54 PM

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5/19/2022, 8:54 PM14 of 14

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8. Finishing System — (Not Shown) — Vinyl, dry or premixed joint compound, applied in two coats to joints and screw-heads. Nom 2 in. wide paper tape embedded in first layer of compound over all joints. As an alternate, nom 3/32 in. thick veneer plaster may be applied to the entire surface of gypsum board.

installed and be spaced approximately 3 in. from the butt joint (6 in. from the continuous furring channels) to support the floating end of the gypsum board. Each of these shorter sections of furring channel shall extend one truss beyond the width of the gypsum panel and be attached to the adjacent trusses with one SonusClip at every truss involved with the butt joint. When Steel Framing Members (Item 6J) are used, one layer of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board is installed with long dimensions

6A A613 L521 2 12" = 1'-0"

the bottom chord of alternating trusses with two No. 8 x 2-1/2 in. course drywall screws, one through the hole at each end of the clip. When insulation, Items 5 or 5A is applied over the furring channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, the clip spacing shall be reduced to 24 in. OC and secured to consecutive trusses. Furring channels are friction fitted into clips. Adjoining channels are overlapped as described in Item a. As an alternate, ends of adjoining channels may be overlapped 6 in. and secured together with two self-tapping No. 6 framing screws, min 7/16 in. long at the midpoint of the overlap, with one screw on each flange of the channel. Additional clips required to hold furring channel that supports the gypsum board butt joints, as described in Item 7. Two

layers of gypsum board required as described in Item 7. Not evaluated for use with Item 5B. KINETICS NOISE CONTROL INC — Type Isomax

6E. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6. a. Furring Channels — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, 2-3/8 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced 16 in. OC perpendicular to wood structural members. When insulation, Items 5 or 5A is applied over the furring channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, the

furring channel spacing shall be reduced to 12 in. OC. Channels secured to trusses as described in Item b. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 6 in. and tied together with double strand of No. 18 AWG galvanized steel wire near each end of overlap. b. Steel Framing Members\* — Used to attach furring channels (Item a) to trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced 48 in. OC, and secured to the bottom chord of alternating trusses with one No. 8 x 2-1/2 in. coarse drywall screw through center grommet. When insulation, Items 5 or 5A is applied over the furring channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, the clip spacing shall be reduced to 24 in. OC and secured to consecutive trusses. Furring channels are friction fitted into clips. Adjoining channels are overlapped as described in Item a. As an alternate, ends of adjoining channels may be overlapped 6 in. and secured together with two self-tapping No. 6

framing screws, min 7/16 in. long at the midpoint of the overlap, with one screw on each flange of the channel. Additional clips

required to hold furring channel that supports the gypsum board butt joints, as described in Item 7. Not evaluated for use with PLITEQ INC — Type Genie Clip

6F. Steel Framing Members\* — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Items 6, furring channels and Steel Framing Members as a. Furring Channels — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, 2-5/8 in. wide by 7/8 in deep, spaced 16 in OC, perpendicular to joists.

When insulation, Items 5 or 5A is applied over the furring channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, the furring channel spacing shall be reduced to 12 in. OC. Channels secured to joists as described in Item b. b. Steel Framing Members\* — Used to attach furring channels (Item a) to the trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced at 48" OC and

secured to the bottom of the joists with one 2 in. Coarse Drywall Screw with 1 in. diam washer through the center hole. Furring channels are then friction fitted into clips. Ends of channels are overlapped 6" and tied together with double strand of No. 18 AWG galvanized steel wire. Additional clips are required to hold furring channel that supports the gypsum board butt joints as **STUDCO BUILDING SYSTEMS** — RESILMOUNT Sound Isolation Clips - Type A237 or A237R

gypsum board end joint with butted gypsum board end joints centered between cross tees spaced 8 in. OC. The main runners and

nom 6 ft long, installed perpendicular to main runners and spaced 24 in. OC. Additional 6 ft long cross tees required at each cross tees may be riveted or screw attached to the wall angle or channel to facilitate the ceiling installation. **USG INTERIORS LLC** — Type DGL or RX

nom 12 ft long, spaced 72 in. OC. Main runners suspended by min 12 SWG galv steel hanger wires spaced 48 in. OC. Cross tees,

6G. Steel Framing Members\* — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6 — Not for use with Items 5, 5A or 5B — Main runners

6H. Resilient Channels — For Use With Item 7A - Formed from min 25 MSG galv steel installed perpendicular to trusses and spaced 16 in. OC. Channels secured to each truss with 1-5/8 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws. Channels overlapped 4 in. at splices. Two channels, spaced 6 in. OC, oriented opposite each gypsum panel end joint. Additional channels shall extend min 6 in. beyond each side edge of panel. Insulation, Item 5D is applied over the resilient channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane.

trusses. When insulation, Items 5 or 5A is applied over the furring channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, the furring channel

spacing shall be reduced to 12 in. OC. Channels secured to trusses as described in Item b.

6l. Steel Framing Members\* — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6, furring channels and Steel Framing Members as a. Furring Channels — Formed of No. 25 MSG galvanized steel, 2-1/2 in. wide by 7/8 in deep, spaced 16 in OC, perpendicular to

When Steel Framing Members (Item 6L) are used, nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board, installed as described in Item 7. Adjacent butt

When Steel Framing Members (Item 6M) are used, nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board, installed as described in Item 7. Butt joints

CGC INC — Types C, IP-X2, IPC-AR

UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO — Types C, IP-X2, IPC-AR

**USG MEXICO S A DE C V** — Types C, IP-X2, IPC-AR

**USG BORAL DRYWALL SFZ LLC** — Type C

**UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO** — Type ULIX

joints staggered minimum 48 in. OC.

staggered minimum 24 in. OC.

7A. **Gypsum Board\*** — For use with Items 5D and 6H. Nom 5/8 in. thick, 48 in. wide gypsum panels installed with long dimension perpendicular to resilient channels. Gypsum panels secured with 1 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws spaced 8 in. OC and located a min of 1/2 in. from side joints and 3 in. from the end joints. Finish Rating with this ceiling system is 20 min. CGC INC — Type ULIX

9. Grille — Grille installed in accordance with the installation instructions provided with the ceiling damper.

10. Wire Mesh — (Not Shown) — For use with Item 5A and 5B — 1 in. 20 gauge galvanized poultry netting installed between the

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furring channels and gypsum board. The poultry netting is attached with washers and 1/2 in. wafer head screws, spaced 24 in. OC., to the furring channels. The **Fiber, Sprayed** (Item 5A or 5B) is installed through cut-openings in the poultry netting, in-between trusses. The cut-openings in the poultry netting shall be staggered at a maximum of 6 ft. \* Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively. Last Updated on 2022-02-14

perpendicular to resilient channels. Gypsum board secured to resilient channels with nom 1 in. long Type S bugle-head steel screws spaced 8 in. OC in the field of the board and located 3/4 in. from side joints and 3 in. end joints. Gypsum board joints are to be staggered by a

5/19/2022, 8:54 PM10 of 14

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minimum of 24 in.

wide gypsum board shall be installed as described in Item 7. PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C — Types RSIC-1, RSIC-V, RSIC-1 (2.75), RSIC-V (2.75), RSIC-Si-X

6B. Steel Framing Members — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6, main runners, cross tees, cross channels and wall angle as listed below. a. Main Runners — Nom 10 or 12 ft long, 15/16 in. or 1-1/2 in. wide face, spaced 4 ft. OC. Main runners suspended by min 12 SWG galv steel hanger wires spaced 48 in. OC. Hanger wires to be located adjacent to main runner/cross tee intersections. Hanger

supports the gypsum board butt joints, as described in Item 7. When Fiber, Sprayed (Item 5B) is used, two layers of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft

wires wrapped and twist-tied on 16d nails driven in to side of trusses at least 5 in. above the bottom face. b. Cross Tees or Channels — Nom 4 ft long cross tees, with 15/16 in. or 1-1/2 in. wide face, or nom 4 ft long cross channels, with 1-1/2 in. wide face, either spaced 16 in. OC, installed perpendicular to the main runners. Additional cross tees or channels used 8

c. Wall Angle or Channel — Painted or galv steel angle with 1 in. legs or channel with 1 in. legs, 1-9/16 in. deep attached to walls

## CGC INC — Type DGL or RX

6C. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6. a. Furring Channels — Hat-shaped furring channels, 7/8 in. deep by 2-5/8 in. wide at the base and 1-1/4 in. wide at the face, formed from No. 25 ga. galv steel, spaced max. 16 in. OC perpendicular to trusses and Cold Rolled Channels (Item 6Cb). Furring

required. Batts and Blankets draped over furring channels as described in Item 5. Two layers of gypsum board attached to furring

c. Blocking — Where truss design does not permit direct, full contact of the hanger bracket, a piece of nominal 2 by 4 in. lumber (blocking), min. 6 in. long to permit full contact of the hanger bracket, to be secured vertically to the side of the truss (Item 2) at the top and bottom of the blocking at each Steel Framing Member (Item 6Cd) location.

d. Steel Framing Members\* — Hangers spaced 48 in. OC. max along truss, and secured to the Blocking (Item 6Cc) on alternating

trusses with a single 5/16 in. by 2 in. hex head lag bolt or four #6 1-1/4 in. drywall screws through mounting hole(s) on the hanger

bracket. The two 1/4 in. long steel teeth on the hanger are embedded in the side of the blocking. Hanger positioned on blocking

and leveling bolt height adjusted such that furring channels are flush with bottom of trusses before gypsum board installation.

structural members. When insulation, Items 5 or 5A is applied over the furring channel/gypsum panel ceiling membrane, the

furring channel spacing shall be reduced to 12 in. OC. Channels secured to trusses as described in Item b. Ends of adjoining

b. Steel Framing Members\* — Used to attach furring channels (Item a) to trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced 48 in. OC, and secured to

channels overlapped 6 in. and tied together with double strand of No. 18 AWG galv steel wire near each end of overlap.

Spring gauge of hanger chosen per manufacturer's instructions. KINETICS NOISE CONTROL INC — Type ICW 6D. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 6. a. Furring Channels — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, 2-3/8 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced 16 in. OC perpendicular to wood

BXUV.L521 - Fire-resistance Ratings - ANSI/UL 263 | UL Product iQ

from base layer end joints. Butted side joints of outer layer to be offset min. 18 in. from butted side joints of base layer. When Steel Framing Members (Item 6C) are used, two layers of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board are installed with long dimensions perpendicular to furring channels (Item 6Ca). Base layer attached to the furring channels using 1 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws spaced 8 in. OC along butted end joints and 12 in. OC in the field of the board. Butted end joints centered on the continuous furring channels. Butted base layer end joints to be offset a min of 16 in. in adjacent courses. Outer layer attached to the furring channels using 1-5/8 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws spaced 8 in. OC at butted end joints and 12 in. OC in the field. Butted end joints centered on the continuous furring channels and offset a min of 16 in. from butted end joints of base layer. Butted side joints of outer layer to be offset min 16 in. from butted side joints of base layer. When Steel Framing Members (Item 6D) are used, two layers of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board are installed with long dimensions perpendicular to furring channels. Base layer attached to the furring channels using 1 in. long Type S bugle-head steel screws spaced 12 in. OC in the field of the board. Butted end joints shall be staggered min 2 ft. within the assembly, and occur midway between the continuous furring channels. Each end of each gypsum board shall be supported by a single length of furring channel equal to the width of the gypsum board plus 6 in. on each end. The two furring channels shall be spaced approximately 4 in. OC, and be

> bugle-head steel screws spaced 12 in. OC in the field. The outer layer boards at the butt joint shall be attached to the base layer boards with No. 10, 1-1/2 in. long drywall screws spaced 8 in. OC and 1-1/2 in. from the end joint. Butted end joints to be offset a min of 24 in. from base layer end joints. Butted side joints of outer layer to be offset min 16 in. from butted side joints of base layer. When Steel Framing Members (Item 6F) are used, one layer of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board is installed with long dimensions perpendicular to furring channels. Gypsum board secured to furring channels with nom 1 in. long Type S buglehead steel screws spaced 8 in. OC in the field of the board. Gypsum board butted end joints shall be staggered minimum 48 in. and centered over main furring channels. At the gypsum board butt joints, each end of each gypsum board shall be supported by a single length of furring channel equal to the width of the gypsum board plus 3 in. on each end. The two support furring channels shall be spaced approximately 3 in. in from joint. Screw spacing along the gypsum board butt joint and along both additional

channels shall be 8 in. OC. Additional screws shall be placed in the adjacent section of gypsum board into the aforementioned 3

When alternate Steel Framing Members\* (Item 6G) are used, gypsum board sheets installed with long dimension (side joints) perpendicular to the 6 ft long cross tees with the end joints staggered min 4 ft and centered between cross tees which are spaced 8 in. OC. Gypsum board side joints may occur beneath or between main runners. Prior to installation of the gypsum board sheets, backer strips consisting of nom 7-3/4 in. wide pieces of gypsum board are to be laid atop the cross tee flanges and centered over each butted end joint location. The backer

strips are to be secured to the flanges of the cross tees at opposite corners of the backer strip with hold down clips to prevent the backer

screws spaced 1 in. and 4 in. from the side joints and max 8 in. OC in the field of the board. The butted end joints are to be secured to the

backer strip with No. 10 by 1-1/2 in. long Type G laminating screws located 1 in. from each side of the butted end joint and spaced 1 in. and 4

strips from being uplifted during screw-attachment of the gypsum board sheets. Gypsum board fastened to cross tees with 1 in. drywall

attached with one RESILMOUNT Sound Isolation Clip at each end of the channel.

in. from the side joints and max 8 in. OC in the field of the board.

in. extension of the extra butt joint channels as well as into the main channel that runs between. Butt joint furring channels shall be

attached to underside of the truss with one Isomax clip at each end of the channel. Screw spacing along the gypsum board butt joint shall be 8 in. OC. Outer layer attached to the furring channels using 1-5/8 in. long Type S bugle-head steel screws spaced 12

in. OC in the field. The end of the outer layer boards at the butt joint shall be attached to the base layer boards with 1-5/8 in. long

Type G screws spaced 8 in. OC and 1-1/2 in. from the end joint. Butted end joints to be offset a min of 8 in. from base layer end

joints. Butted side joints of outer layer to be offset min 18 in. from butted side joints of base layer. Outer layer shall be finished as

described in Item 8. When Steel Framing Members (Item 6E) are used, one layer of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide are installed with long dimensions perpendicular to furring channels. Gypsum board secured to furring channels using 1 in. long No. 6 Type S bugle-

along the gypsum board butt joint shall be 8 in. OC. Outer layer attached to the furring channels using 1-5/8 in. long No. 6 Type S

head steel screws spaced 12 in. OC in the field of the board. Butted end joints shall be staggered minimum 2 ft. within the assembly. Additional furring channels constructed as per Item 6E shall be used to support each end of each gypsum board. These additional furring channels shall be attached to underside of the truss with Genie clips as described in Item 6E. Screw spacing

When Steel Framing Members (Item 6I) are used, one layer of nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board is installed with long dimensions perpendicular to furring channels. Gypsum board secured to furring channels with nom 1-1/4 in. long, fine thread, #6, Type S bugle-head steel screws spaced 8 in. OC along butt joints and in the field of the board. Gypsum board butted end joints shall be staggered minimum 24 in, and occur 3 in. from the continuous furring channels. At the gypsum board butt joints, an additional single length of furring channel shall be

in. from each side of butted gypsum board end joints. The cross tees or channels may be riveted or screw-attached to the wall angle or channel to facilitate the ceiling installation.

at perimeter of ceiling with fasteners 16 in. OC. To support steel framing member ends and for screw-attachment of the gypsum

**USG INTERIORS LLC** — Type DGL or RX

channels secured to Cold Rolled Channels at every intersection with a 1/2 in. pan head self-drilling screw through each furring channel leg. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 4 in. and tied together with two double strand No. 18 SWG galv steel wire ties, one at each end of overlap. Supplemental furring channels at base layer and outer layer gypsum board butt joints are not channels as described in Item 7.

b. Cold Rolled Channels — 1-1/2 in. by 1/2 in., formed from No. 16 ga. galv steel, positioned vertically and parallel to trusses, friction-fitted into the channel caddy on the Steel Framing Members (Item 6Cd). Adjoining lengths of cold rolled channels lapped min. 6 in. and wire-tied together with two double strand 18 SWG galv steel wire ties, one at each end of overlap.

9 of 14